

Latest Developments in Sudan

On June 1 – 14 / 2026

Report No (23-2026)

Introduction:

This report covers events in Sudan during the period from June 1 - 14 2026. It reflects the most prominent activities of the Sovereign Council, the Cabinet, and official institutions; the humanitarian situation and efforts to deliver humanitarian assistance; developments in the military and security situation on all fronts; and monitoring the systematic violations and crimes against humanity committed by the rebel militia in the states. It also covers diplomatic activities, regional and international engagement regarding the situation in Sudan.

First: Activities of the Sovereign Council and the Executive Organs:

1. Activities of the Sovereign Council:

A. His Excellency the Chairman of the Sovereignty Council and Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces, General Abdel Fattah al-Burhan, sent messages on Eid al-Adha to the kings, princes, and presidents of Arab and Islamic countries. He also received similar congratulatory messages from several leaders and heads of state. His Excellency performed the Eid al-Adha prayer in the city of Al-Matamma in the River Nile State. During his visit to the Armed Forces commanders at the General Command, His Excellency saluted the officers and soldiers stationed on various fronts, affirming the Armed Forces' continued operations until all territories were liberated and the rebellion ended. He also welcomed all those who laid down their arms and joined the ranks of the nation. On the interoperations' Excellency met with Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan in Ankara, where they discussed ways to strengthen bilateral relations, joint cooperation, and issues of common

interest. He also sent a congratulatory message to Azerbaijani President Ilham Aliyev on his country's National Day. His Excellency received Eid al-Adha greetings from members of the Sovereignty Council, state leaders, and security officials. He also sent a message of condolence to the Chairman of the Yemeni Presidential Leadership Council, Dr. Rashad al-Alimi, on the death of former Yemeni President Abd Rabbuh Mansur Hadi, and offered his condolences on the death of Sudanese singer Majzoub Onsa.

B. During the past week, His Excellency the Chairman of the Sovereignty Council and Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces, General Abdel Fattah al-Burhan, met with a delegation from the Sudanese Football Association, headed by Mutasim Jaafar, where they discussed the role of sports in supporting stability and the voluntary return of citizens. He paid a visit to Khartoum Stadium after its renovation and attended a match between Al-Ahli Madani and Hilal al-Sahel. During a visit to the Al-Ailafoun area in East Nile, His Excellency offered his condolences on the death of Khalifa Ali Barakat.

C. Mr. Malik Agar, Vice Chairman of the Sovereignty Council, performed the Eid al-Adha prayer in Sinkat, Red Sea State, in the presence of the state governor and several community leaders. His Excellency congratulated the citizens and the Islamic nation on Eid, expressing his hope that Sudan would witness peace and stability. He emphasized the importance of unity behind the leadership to guide the country towards security, development, and stability. During his meeting with the visiting European Union delegation to Sudan, His Excellency stressed that resolving the Sudanese crisis must begin with a Sudanese Sudanese dialogue managed from within the country. He called on European partners to witness firsthand the political, security, and humanitarian realities and not to reduce the conflict to a mere "war between two generals." He also emphasized the importance of building relations based on mutual respect and shared interests.

D. Engineer Ibrahim Jaber Ibrahim, a member of the Sovereignty Council, chaired a series of meetings addressing the economic situation and the repercussions of the rising exchange rate. The government issued directives to the Ministries of Finance and Energy, and the Central Bank of Sudan aimed at stabilizing the currency market and improving economic performance. Measures were also taken to address fuel shortages, in addition to activating a committee to unify the prices of petroleum products. On another front, during his meeting with a delegation from the Dabaina tribe in Al-Qadarif State, he emphasized the importance of supporting the armed forces and securing the Al-Fashqa region. The delegation, in turn, requested the implementation of development and service projects to enhance stability in the border area.

E. Dr. Nawara Abu Mohammed Mohammed Tahir, a member of the Sovereignty Council, affirmed that security and stability are fundamental to achieving development and implementing service projects. She stressed the importance of empowering national talent and involving the people of eastern Sudan in addressing the issues facing their regions. She made these remarks while addressing a ceremony held by the Hadendowa tribal leadership to honor Dr. Mohammed Tahir Omar, Director of the Sudanese Mineral Resources Company. She announced serious steps to address the issues of education, health, water, and electricity in the eastern states, in addition to inaugurating several development projects in cooperation with the Sudanese Mineral Resources Company, including the construction of new halls at the Red Sea University. She also called for unity, the rejection of discord, and the strengthening of social cohesion, affirming her commitment to regularly monitoring the issues of the Red Sea, Kassala, and Al-Qadarif states. She further requested that a portion of gold revenues be allocated to support scholarships and the development of future generations.

2. Activities of Executive Organs:

A. Prime Minister Dr. Kamil Idris met with the Secretary-General of the Tax Authority and his accompanying delegation at the office of the Governor of Khartoum State, in the presence of the Minister of State for Finance, Dr. Mohamed Nour El-Daim, and the Secretary-General of the Council of Ministers. The Secretary-General briefed the Prime Minister on the progress of work at the Tax Authority. The Prime Minister commended the Tax Authority for its contribution to the state treasury through revenues and its role in stabilizing the country's economic situation. He directed that tax awareness be disseminated through the media to achieve tax fairness for all and ensure tax compliance among taxpayers.

B. The Minister of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation affirmed the depth and strength of Sudanese Saudi relations, praising the significant role played by the Ambassador of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to Sudan during his tenure in the country. This came during a farewell ceremony for the Ambassador of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to Sudan on the end of his term in Sudan, organized by the Ministry in Port Sudan and attended by a number of ambassadors.

C. The Federal Minister of Health met at the Global Fund headquarters in Geneva with Mr. Ibrahim Faria, Director of the Africa and Middle East Department at the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria. The meeting discussed the partnership between Sudan and the Fund and ways to enhance support provided to Sudan in the areas of combating malaria, tuberculosis, and HIV/AIDS, as well as strengthening the health system.

E. A delegation headed by the Minister of Livestock participated in the Global Forum on Poverty Reduction and Development 2026 in Beijing from May 27-29. The forum, jointly organized by the Chinese Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs and the International Center for Poverty Alleviation, aimed to strengthen development partnerships among developing countries. The field events included the launch of the first meeting of member states of the Global Partnership for Poverty Reduction and Development. The Minister emphasized that genuine development

cannot be achieved through the efforts of governments alone but requires the active participation of local communities in planning, accountability, and ownership. He cited experiences that have demonstrated failure of development projects in the absence of community support. The head of the Sudanese delegation reviewed the challenges facing Sudan and the African continent, including unemployment, poverty, food insecurity, and conflicts over natural resources. He stressed that advancing the livestock production sector hinges on empowering small-scale producers.

F. The Ministry of Energy issued a press release explaining that the electricity sector is experiencing exceptional operational circumstances due to the extensive damage inflicted on the infrastructure of power generation, transmission, and distribution stations by the war. The statement emphasized that the current priority is securing electricity for vital facilities essential to citizens' lives. The statement also urged citizens to conserve electricity and protect the national grid.

G. The Minister of Finance signed an agreement with the African Development Bank and UNICEF (as the third implementing party) to restructure and repurpose a portfolio of stalled water projects into the Port Sudan Emergency Water and Sanitation Project, serving the states of North and South Kordofan. The \$51 million project, funded by the African Development Bank, aims to provide safe drinking water and basic sanitation services in Port Sudan, ensuring the sustainability and efficiency of supply and distribution. It also aims to build the capacity of local water companies and enhance the resilience of water systems to conflict and climate change. His Excellency also discussed with Professor Ibrahim El-Dukheiri, Director General of the Arab Organization for Agricultural Development, ways to support the agricultural and livestock sectors in Sudan through new financing and development programs in cooperation with the African Development Bank. The two sides agreed that Sudan would benefit from a program to build the capacities of agricultural producers, with annual funding of \$500,000 for five years, within the framework of the Arab African Excellence Program. This program aims to develop agricultural production

and improve the efficiency of farmers. The meeting emphasized the importance of continued cooperation to attract more funding for agricultural and livestock projects, support efforts to increase production, and achieve food security and sustainable development in Sudan.

H. The Federal Minister of Health met with Mr. Xu Tiang, Chargé d'Affaires of the Embassy of the People's Republic of China in Sudan. The meeting addressed strengthening bilateral cooperation between the two countries in various health sectors. The Ministry looks forward to renewing the Sudanese Chinese Protocol Agreement signed in 1971, implementing the four Chinese hospitals project, and supporting the rehabilitation of the Chinese Friendship Hospitals in Omdurman, Abu Usher, and Damazin. The Minister emphasized that Sudan appreciates China's efforts in supporting post-war reconstruction through coordination in pharmaceutical manufacturing via the Shanghai factory partnership, training in epidemic control, the Public Health Laboratory, cooperation with the National Council for Medicines and Poisons, and opening training opportunities in specialized fields. The Chinese Chargé d'Affaires affirmed that his country will continue its support for Sudan, expressing readiness to provide technical and technological assistance, implement new medical projects, and contribute to the post-war reconstruction process, including the Chinese hospitals project.

I. The Minister of Human Resources and Social Welfare met with the Sudanese Ambassador to the Arab Republic of Egypt, Ambassador Emad Adawi, to review the progress of the Voluntary Return Committee's program for the repatriation of needy and financially distressed Sudanese nationals. The meeting addressed the cases of financially distressed detainees in Egyptian prisons and the organization of medical treatment abroad in cooperation with the embassy's medical attaché. An official invitation was extended to the Ambassador to participate in the launch of the voluntary return campaigns.

Separately, the Minister of Energy visited the Qurei power station complex, accompanied by the Director General of the Sudan Electricity Holding Company, the Director of the Generation Sector at the Holding Company, the Director of the Transmission Sector at the Holding Company, the Director General of the Transmission Company, the Director General of the Thermal Generation Company, directors of the general departments at the Generation Company, and a representative of the Economic Security Authority. The purpose of the visit was to review the ongoing work at the Qurei power stations, the challenges hindering progress, and the units that have been connected to the grid.

Secondly: Regional activity

a. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation issued a statement strongly condemning the horrific massacre perpetrated by the Rapid Support Forces (RSF) militia in the Umm Saadoun and Al-Murra areas of North Kordofan State on the second day of Eid al-Adha. The massacre resulted in the deaths of dozens of innocent civilians and injuries to many others, adding to the long list of serious violations committed by this militia against civilians. The statement appealed to the international community, the United Nations, the Security Council, the African Union, and human rights organizations to take a clear and unequivocal stance against this massacre, to hold those responsible and those who support the militia accountable, and to take the necessary measures to protect civilians and end impunity.

b. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation issued a press release regarding the meeting between Ambassador Badr Al-Din Abdullah, the Sudanese Ambassador to Qatar, and Her Excellency Lolwah bint Rashid Al-Khater, the Qatari Minister of Education and Higher Education. The two sides discussed opportunities for cooperation between the two brotherly countries in the fields of education and higher education, and ways to support and develop this cooperation.

c. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation issued a press release regarding the meeting between Mr. Ahmed Salah Bayoumi, Chargé d'Affaires of the Embassy of the Republic of Sudan to Australia and New Zealand, and Mr. Todd Cleaver, Executive Director of the New Zealand International Development Board (IDB), at the IDB headquarters in Wellington, New Zealand. They discussed the evolving humanitarian situation in Sudan and ways to enhance cooperation with New Zealand humanitarian and development organizations to support those affected. The press release noted Mr. Bayoumi's reaffirmation of the Sudanese government's commitment to facilitating the delivery of humanitarian aid and the importance of strengthening the international response to the growing humanitarian needs. He also commended the IDB's role in supporting humanitarian work. The statement further reported that Mr. Cleaver expressed his interest in following developments in Sudan and affirmed New Zealand's commitment to continued cooperation and to providing a new package of humanitarian assistance to support those affected by the crisis.

D. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation issued a press release stating that the Sudanese government is monitoring the repeated attempts by the so-called "Initiative," the political arm of the Janjaweed terrorist militia, to distort and misrepresent the statement issued by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) regarding Sudanese national examinations. These attempts aim to portray the statement as supporting their political agenda or legitimizing parallel arrangements to the national education system. The UNICEF statement clearly affirms the right of all Sudanese students to sit for a unified and recognized national examination and warns against the dangers of fragmented education systems and certificates that harm the future of students and the unity of the country.

E. The Embassy of the Republic of Sudan in London issued a press release expressing its concern regarding the publication by the British newspaper "The Daily Telegraph" on June 11, 2026, of inaccurate and unsubstantiated information about the Belfast incident, under the headline: "Sudanese suspect in Belfast stabbing is a former police officer." The Embassy reiterated its press release issued on June 10, in which it strongly condemned the Belfast crime and expressed its condolences to the victim and his family. The Embassy further emphasized the importance of allowing legal proceedings to take their course, free from media speculation and unsubstantiated claims. The Embassy also drew the attention of "The Daily Telegraph" to this inaccurate information for the purpose of correction.

Thirdly: Humanitarian Activity:

3. Visas and Movement Permits:

- A. The competent authorities issued (109) permits for movement to (9) states for a number of foreign voluntary organizations, namely: ALIGHT, MSF Holland, Mercy Corps, ADRA, PLAN, IRC, MSF Belgium, IMC, RI, Save the Children, CRS, Danish Refugee Council, EMERGENCY, Samaritan Purse, MSF Spain, Solidarities International, World Vision, MTI, ZOA, and MSF Switzerland.
- B. The relevant authorities issued (93) permits for movement to (11) states for the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), UNICEF, the World Food Programme (WFP), the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO), the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), and the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC).
- C. The Federal Humanitarian Aid Commission transported (2,200) tons of flour to the River Nile and White Nile states.
- D. The Qatar Red Crescent Society transported (200) tents to the city of Ad-Damir in the River Nile state.

E. The International Organization for Migration (IOM) transported (600) tents to the city of Al-Ubayyid in the North Kordofan state.

F. The World Health Organization (WHO) transported medicines and medical supplies to the cities of Dongola, Sennar, Khartoum, Al-Qadarif, Kosti, Ad-Damazin, and Al-Ubayyid.

Fourth: Military and Security Situation:

4. Movements of the Armed Forces and Other Regular Forces:

a. The Armed Forces successfully downed a strategic drone in the Kenani area of White Nile State and six suicide drones in the city of Dilling, South Kordofan State. These drones were launched by the rebel militia and the SPLM-N (al-Hilu faction) targeting civilians and the city's infrastructure.

b. The Armed Forces and other security forces repelled the rebel militia and the SPLM-N (Joseph Tuka faction) in the areas of Khor Halabiya, Abu Daqla, and Wadi in Blue Nile State, capturing ten combat vehicles and a T-55 tank, and destroying seven other combat vehicles.

c. The Armed Forces and supporting forces repelled an attack by the rebel militia and the SPLM-N (Joseph Tuka faction) on Khor al-Budi Asfar and Khor al-Baraka, resulting in the death and injury of several rebel militia and SPLM-N (Joseph Tuka faction) members. Seven combat vehicles were captured, and an additional twenty combat vehicles were seized.

d. The Armed Forces and their supporting forces managed to recapture the Khor al-Qana area in the Blue Nile region from rebel militia elements and the SPLM-N faction led by Joseph Tuka. This resulted in the death of 65 rebel militia and SPLM-N members, the wounding of several others, the capture of 22 vehicles and two armored vehicles, and the destruction of 13 other combat vehicles.

f. The Armed Forces and their supporting forces also repelled an attack by the rebel militia and the SPLM-N faction led by Joseph Tuka on the Amura area in the Blue Nile region, resulting in the death and injury of several members of the attacking force.

5. Violations by the Rapid Support Forces (RSF) Militia:

- a. On May 24, 2026, the rebel militia attacked the village of Kamut in North Kordofan State, looting citizens' property and forcing them to flee.
- b. On May 24, 2026, the rebel militia attacked traders from the Dar Hamid tribe as they were traveling from the Um Kridim area to the village of Al-Maramra in North Kordofan State, resulting in the killing and wounding of several citizens and the looting of four commercial vehicles.
- c. On May 25, 2026, the rebel militia and the SPLM-N (al-Hilu faction) shelled the city of Dilling in South Kordofan State with five artillery shells, wounding several citizens.
- d. On May 25, 2026, the rebel militia targeted the market in the Karnoi area of North Kordofan State with a strategic drone missile, resulting in the death of five civilians and injuries to four others.
- e. On May 28, 2026, the rebel militia attacked the villages of Al-Marra and Umm Saadoun Al-Sharif in North Kordofan State, resulting in the death of 28 civilians, injuries to others, looting of their property, and displacement of residents.
- f. On May 28 and 29, 2026, the rebel militia and the SPLM-N (Al-Hilu faction) shelled the Qadra fuel station and the public market in Dilling, South Kordofan State, with 25 artillery shells, resulting in injuries to a number of civilians.
- G. On May 30, 2026, the rebel militia targeted El Obeid, North Kordofan State, with a strategic drone missile, resulting in the death of a citizen and a child, the injury of another citizen, and the destruction of a citizen's home.
- H. On June 10, 2026, the rebel militia targeted a commercial truck in the Abu Ghar area while it was traveling on the El Obeid-Rahad highway in North Kordofan State, a truck in Al Awamra village in Umm Ruwaba city, a truck in Umm Sakina village west of Rahad, and another in the Al Rayyan neighborhood north of El Obeid, North Kordofan State, with strategic drone missiles, resulting in the death of five citizens and the injury of three others.

I. On June 10, 2026, the rebel militia targeted El Obeid, South Kordofan State, with five strategic drone missiles, resulting in the death of one citizen, the injury of two others, and the destruction of a fuel tanker at the Bashair pumping station.

J. On June 11, 2026, the rebel militia targeted civilian homes in the Airport, Safa, and Employees' neighborhoods of El Obeid, South Kordofan State, with five strategic drone missiles and six suicide drones, resulting in the death of 11 civilians and injuries to two others.

k. On the same day, the rebel militia targeted a commercial truck on the Rahad-Um Ruwaba highway in North Kordofan State with four strategic drone missiles, resulting in partial destruction of the truck.

l. On June 12, 2026, the rebel militia targeted a commercial truck, the Al-Muqran water pumping station, and the Al-Wajha water pumping station in Tendelti, North Kordofan State, resulting in injuries to one civilian and partial destruction of both the Al-Muqran and Al-Wajha pumping stations.

M. On 12/6/2026 AD, the rebel militia targeted the city of Al-Abyad with (4) missiles, targeting the Warm Seas pump in Al-Salihin neighborhood, the Nile pump in the western market, the Energy pump near Shikan locality and the Nile warehouse west of the police station, which led to partial destruction of the pump shelters.